

UNIT 3 – Additive manufacturing and 3D printing in Industry 4.0 Subunit 2 – AM: Processes, materials, and application areas

AM processes





Introduction

ISO/ASTM 52900:2015 standard establishes and defines the terms used in AM, and categorises this technology in seven individual processes.

Each process has its own features to build physical 3D geometries by successive addition of material, layer by layer.

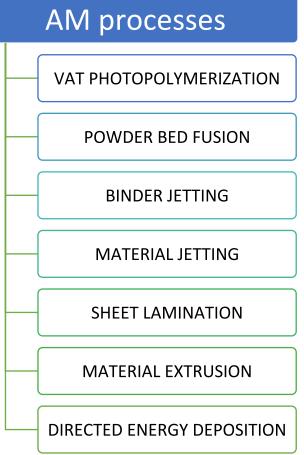
In this activity trainees will have to associate a set of properties and characteristics to the correct AM process. In the next slide make a correspondence with arrows between the processes and their specific features. There are 2 specific features for each process.

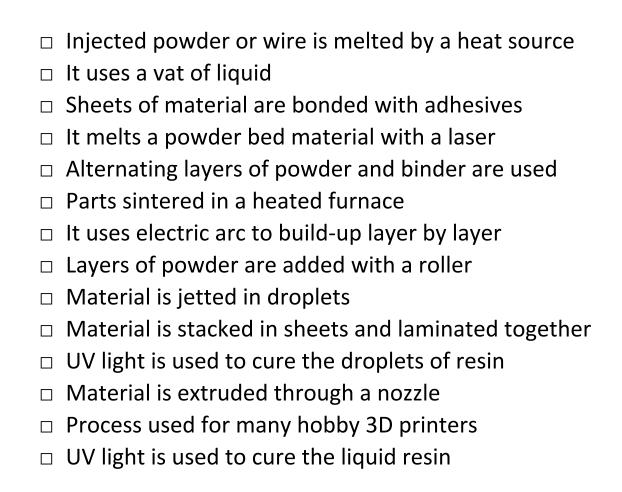




Exercise: AM processes and respective

<u>features</u>







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Injected powder or wire is melted by a heat source

Exercise solution UV light is used to cure the liquid resin DIRECTED ENERGY DEPOSITION Process used for many hobby 3D printers Material is extruded through a nozzle MATERIAL EXTRUSION ■ UV light is used to cure the droplets of resin Material is stacked in sheets and laminated together SHEET LAMINATION *DNITTAL JAIRATAM* Layers of powder are added with a roller It uses electric arc to build-up layer by layer BINDER JETTING Parts sintered in a heated furnace Alternating layers of powder and binder are used POWDER BED FUSION It melts a powder bed material with a laser Sheets of material are bonded with adhesives VAT PHOTOPOLYMERIZATION biupil to tev a sesu tl

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AM processes



Project partners











